

STRATEGIES TO END HOMELESSNESS

Homeless Medical Services

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- The leader of a coordinated system of care for the homeless, and those at risk of becoming homeless, in Greater Cincinnati
- We apply for, receive, allocate, monitor, and report progress on a combined \$33M/year in Federal, State, County and City funding to prevent and end homelessness





Bethany House Services • • • • Caracole, Inc. • Center for Independent Living Options (CILO) • Center for Respite Care • Cincinnati Metropolitan Housing Authority • Community Action Agency • 3CDC GeneroCity513 • Cincinnati Health Network • Cincinnati Union Bethel • •

CITY GOSPEL MISSION • •

Excel Development Co. •

Freestore Foodbank •

Greater Cincinnati Behavioral
Health Services •

Interfaith Hospitality Network of
Greater Cincinnati • •

Joseph House •

LIGHTHOUSE YOUTH & FAMILY
SERVICES • •

Maslow's Army •

Northern KY Independent
Health District •

Ohio Valley Goodwill • •
OTR Community Housing •
SHELTERHOUSE • •
St. Francis / St. Joseph Catholic
Worker House •
Society of St. Vincent de Paul •
TALBERT HOUSE • •
Tender Mercies, Inc. •
The Salvation Army • •
Veterans Administration • •
Volunteers of America •
YWCA Greater Cincinnati • •



The Homeless to Homes Plan

Adopted by the Hamilton County Commission & Cincinnati City Council in 2009

"Homeless to Homes" Shelter & Service Recommendations:

- 1. Expanded Faith-based shelter new City Gospel Mission
- 2. Shelter for Homeless Youth Lighthouse Sheakley Center for Youth
- 3. Separate Congregate Facilities for Men & Women -
 - Shelterhouse Hatton Center for Women
 - Shelterhouse Barron Center for Men
- 4. Expanded facility for men with Substance Abuse issues
 - Talbert House Parkway Center

Medical Services Supported with Levy Funds:

Currently \$1.8M/year total

Bed nights: 22,977

\$136,000/year

City Gospel Mission

- Health Check facility staffed by & also available for use by medical and mental health professionals
- Case managers assist program participants with medical needs, COVID-19 testing, and vaccination, connecting participants with medical benefits and other health related services

Lighthouse Sheakley Center for Youth

Bed nights: 9,825 \$173,466/year

- Medication management, health education, first aid, connection to resources, and therapeutic one-on-one support during times of stress related to health issues
- Medical screening and primary health care for the youth at the shelter, accompanied by Cincinnati Health Network van on-site weekly

Medical Services Supported with Levy Funds:

Shelterhouse - Barron Center for Men

Bed nights:51,908 \$937,398/year

 State-of-the-art medical facility within the shelter, fully-staffed five days a week with a nurse practitioner & medical doctor. Includes access to medication and availability during evening hours

Shelterhouse - Hatton Center for Women

Bed nights: 21,177 \$346,781/year

 Offers a fully-functioning medical clinic, meeting the needs of women in a comfortable environment with special attention is given to women who present in the clinic and are pregnant

Talbert House - Parkway Center

Bed nights: 8,840 \$159,788/year

 State-of-the-art medical kiosk on site enabling clients to interface with an oncall doctor over video chat. Case managers assist with filling prescriptions at local pharmacies. Three clinical treatment options for men recovering from substance abuse diagnoses; mental and health and substance use disorder treatment providers on site five days/week and a nurse practitioner on site one day/week.

COVID-19 Impacts

Sheltered Homelessness:

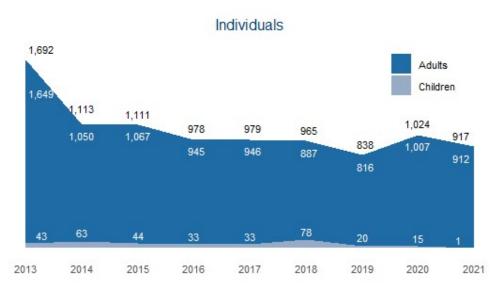
- People accessing shelter & improved services at higher rates 2014-2019
- COVID: -15% in 2020
- Stable in 2021 (down <1%)

Unsheltered/Street Homelessness:

- Declined 2013-2019
- COVID: +22% in 2020
- 10% decline in 2021 as shelter operations normalized







Source: Cincinnati/Hamilton County Homeless Management Information System (HMIS)



Moving parts due to COVID-19 in 2020/2021:

- 1. Social Distancing requirements = temporarily closed/reduced capacity in congregate shelter facilities
- 2. Some operators replaced **lost capacity** with hotel/motel rooms, but not all
- More work to shelter fewer people; hotel/motel operations presented additional logistical challenges
 - Cafeteria-style food service vs. multiple locations
 - Social services under one roof vs. multiple locations
- 4. People **fearful of contracting COVID** in congregate facilities
- 5. Day Center in winter 2020-2021 due to closure of soup kitchens, libraries, etc.



Previous Funding Level Current Funding Level Funding Request \$2M/per year \$1.8M/year \$2M/per year

Why are we requesting funding be restored to previous level?

When the economy experiences a downturn, as we have seen in the past two years, homelessness typically increases 12-24 months later. Local & national leaders believe this increase has been delayed by eviction moratoria & the presence of COVID funds for Eviction Prevention. However, an increase in homelessness is predicted as such COVID funds run out. We'll need more resources to assist more people.



Questions?





Cincinnati/Hamilton County Continuum of Care for the Homeless

Out of 400+ Communities in the Country Funded by HUD-

Financial Oversight: Third/One of fourteen communities in the country designated a Unified Funding Agency (UFA) by HUD. Level of oversight normally maintained by HUD Field Office.

Data: the first community in the country to have 100% of our homeless services agencies contributing data to the same Homeless Management Information System (10 years)

Data Analytics: experienced data analyst, have 4+ year partnership with 84.51, making sure we are data-driven in our approach to the issue of homelessness

2021 Cincinnati/Hamilton County:

People in Emergency Shelter & on the Streets

6,062 total unduplicated people on the streets & in shelters

- <1% decrease from 2020;
- 14% decrease since 2019

5,603 resided in Emergency Shelter

- 92% of total population spent at least part of the year in shelter
- <1% decrease from 2020, 16% decrease from 2019

917 unsheltered on the streets

- 15% of total population spent at least part of the year on street
- 10% decrease from 2020; 46 decrease from 2013

7.5% exclusively sleeping unsheltered on the streets

459 people



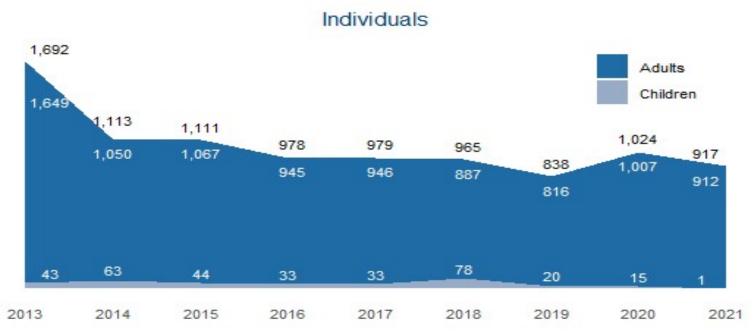
2020 Cincinnati/Hamilton County: Unduplicated Sheltered & on the Streets

Individuals 7,306 7,197 7,036 7,025 7.001 7.028 6,886 5,053 5,504 6,151 6,062 5,133 5,245 5,248 5,265 4.831 4,560 4,676 Adults 2,253 2.053 1,891 1,788 1,756 1.755 1,692 1,585 1,381 Children 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021



"Street"/Unsheltered Homelessness

- Decreased each year from 2013-2019
- 22% increase in 2020, followed by 10% decrease in 2021
- Avg. 35% unsheltered nationally vs. 15% locally
- 7.5% unsheltered only (no stay in shelter in 2020)
- Reduced capacity in shelters due to COVID-19





Sources: Cincinnati/Hamilton County Homeless Management Information System (HMIS)

National Alliance to End Homelessness

Sheltered Homelessness

- Significant investment in improving singles shelters 2012-2015
- 5.8% increase in people in shelter from 2014-2019, corresponding decrease in people on the streets
- People are 3x as likely to die on the street vs. in shelter; more people coming into shelter & fewer unsheltered is positive
- Reduced capacity in 2020 & 2021, fear of catching COVID-19 virus pushed people out of shelters last year

